## Amended Claims (Clean Form)

#### - 1 - (amended)

A room-temperature liquid stable prepolymer (P) which is the reaction product of

- a) methylene diphenylisocyanate or a prepolymer of methylene diphenylisocyanate and an about 500-1000 equivalent weight polytetramethylene ether glycol or polyoxypropylene/polyoxyethylene diol or triol having at least 21% residual NCO,
- b) polytetramethylene ether glycol of about 500 to 1000 equivalent weight, and

c) a polyoxypropylene/polyoxyethylene triol or polyoxypropylene triol of about 1300 to 2000 equivalent weight,

the percentage weight/weight in the prepolymer (P) being about 32 to 72% of (a), about 52 to 22% of (b), and about 6 to 15% of (c), and the percentage of residual NCO in the prepolymer (P) being about 6 to 18% by weight,

the prepolymer (P) having a viscosity at room temperature of about 1200 to 26000 cps,

which prepolymer (P) is curable and castable with a suitable curative at room temperature to yield a urethane elastomer.

# 2 - (amended)

The prepolymer(P) of Claim 1 wherein the percentage of residual NCO in the prepolymer(P) is about 11.5-13.5% weight/weight and wherein the prepolymer (P) has a room temperature viscosity of about 3500 to 5000 cps.

# - 4 - (amended)

The prepalymer (P) of Claim 1 wherein c) is a polyoxypropylene polyoxyethylene triol having an equivalent weight of about 1300 to 2000.

#### - 5 - (amended)

The prepolymer (P) of Claim 1 wherein (a) is a uretonimine-modified methylene diphenylisocyanate.

- 10 - (amend 'i

The suitable room temperature liquescentially of the following components:

(1) a polyoxypropylene/-polyoxyethylene equivalent weight, (2) a polyoxypropylene/-polyoxye and triol of about 130 to 2000 equivalent weight, (3) a chain extender having an equivalent weight of about 25 to 125, (4) the room-temperature liquid stable prepolymer (P) as defined in Claim 1, (5) a diluent, (6) a degassing aid, and (7) a urethane catalyst, the relative amounts weight/weight being respectively 30 – 90%, 3 – 20%, 5 – 30%, 0 – 30%, 0 – 15%, 0.001 – 0.05%, and 0.01 – 0.5%.

### - 13 - (amended)

The suitable room temperature liquid curative of Claim 1 consisting essentially of the following components:

(1) a polyoxypropylene/-polyoxyethylene diol of about 1000 to 2000 equivalent weight, (2) a polyoxypropylene/-polyoxyethylene triol of about 1300 to 2000 equivalent weight, (3) a chain extender having an equivalent weight of about 25 to 125, (4) the room-temperature liquid stable prepolymer (P) as defined in Claim 1, (5) a diluent, (6) a degassing aid, and (7) a urethane catalyst, the relative amounts weight/weight being respectively 30 – 90%, 3 – 20%, 5 – 30%, 0 – 30%, 0 – 15%, 0.001 – 0.05%, and 0.01 – 0.5% to give a cured urethane elastomer having the following properties after mixing and curing for seven days at room temperature:

Tensile strength (ASTM Method D-4)(12)

Elongation (ASTM Method D-412)

Die C Tear (ASTM Method D-695)

Split Tear (ASTM Method D-1938)

Rebound (ASTM Method D-2632)

Shore A Hardness (ASTM Method D-2240)

Gel time (25°C)

about 1300-2700 psi

about 250-700%

about 140-400 pli

about 20-100 pli

about 45-65%

about 70-95

about 14-40 min..

## 18 - (amended)

The prepolymer (P) of Claim 2 wherein the percentages weight/weight of a), b), and c) are respectively about 54%, about 36%, and about 10%.

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The prepolymer (P) Claim 1 wher id curative of Claim 1 consisting having an equivalent weight of about 1300 to

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out 1000 to 2000

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